Rare Animals of Louisiana



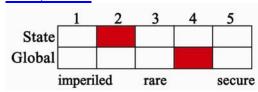




Peregrine Falcon

Falco peregrinus

Rarity Rank: S2N/G4



Identification:

- Large falcon
- Adults bluish to gray above with a dark head and dark cheek stripe
- Buff to cinnamon below with dark spotting on the belly and strongly barred flanks
- Tail long and barred
- Bill grayish
- Cere and legs yellow
- Immatures brownish to bluish-brown with dark cheek stripe and heavy dark streaking on underparts
- Adults to 51 cm total length and wingspread to 1.2 m
- Usually solitary except during the nesting season

Habitat:

- Coastal marshes and lakes
- Primarily nests on cliffs, but in southern U.S. formerly nested in cavities of old, large trees
- In winter generally found in open areas along the coast

Food habits:

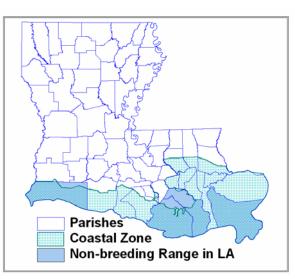
Birds are the most common prey, but also consumes small mammals and insects

Range:

- Formerly one of the most widespread birds, nesting in all regions of the world except Antarctica, but now greatly reduced in numbers and distribution is spotty
- A nest found by Roger Tory Peterson near Tallulah, Madison Parish, in 1942, is the only reported nesting record from the state
- Within Louisiana, generally restricted to the coastal region in winter but may be seen statewide during migration



U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service



Range based on occurrences in Natural Heritage database

Rare Animals of Louisiana







Reproduction:

- One brood per season
- Nests built on ledges by scraping a bowl in dirt, sand or gravel substrate
- Eggs fairly smooth and are cream to brown or reddish in color with spots and blotches of brown, red and purple
- Clutch size normally about 3 to 6 eggs

Threats:

- Dramatically declined due to DDT and other organochlorine pesticides
- Prior to DDT declines, shooting of birds was a principle mortality factor
- Habitat loss, particularly the wetland areas that supported large concentrations of the prey species of peregrines

Beneficial Management Practices:

- Protection of nesting sites
- Protection of wintering sites
- Public information regarding the vulnerability of this species
- Rebuilding of habitats with dredge material

LA River Basins:

Pontchartrain, Barataria, Terrebonne, Mississippi, Mermentau, Calcasieu, Sabine



Photo by James Weaver Cornell Laboratory of Ornithology

Lafayette Natural History Museum

References:

White, C. M., N. J. Clum, T. J. Cade and W. G. Hunt. 2002. Peregrine Falcon (*Falco peregrinus*). In The Birds of North America, No. 660 (A. Poole and F. Gill, eds.). The Birds of North America, Inc., Philadelphia, PA.